-Ecclesfield follows the SACRE Sheffield Agreed Syllabus for RE 2019-2024

	AI	A 2	SPI	SP2	SUI	SU2	
F2 Ongoing and developin g objectives FS SACRE pages 19- 21	- Children l - Introduce su -Enjoys joining in -Know how to - They answer 'who ' -Children underst -Obse	isten with enjoymen bject specific words of family customs and behave appropriately ', 'how' and 'why' quand that they can over and explore about	t to stories, songs a and use all our sen routines and can their lives in a range of situ estions about their different tradition expect others to trea at places and object	congs and poems from different communities and traditions our senses to explore beliefs, practices and forms of expression at all confidently about similarities and differences between r lives and others of situations, treating others cultures and beliefs with respect their experiences in response to stories, experiences or events from additions and communities to treat their needs and views, cultures and beliefs with respect objects that matter in different cultures and beliefs neir appreciation of and wonder at the world in which they live			
	Can we relate to and express our feelings in relation to different religious stories through first-hand experience, story, song or poems? Diwali Harvest Festival	Question- Can we recognise our own emotions and beliefs? And relate to one another; showing respect and curiosity to identify similarities and differences amongst ourselves and with other communities? Discovery RE - Christmas	• •	Enquiry Question- Can we identify similarities and differences between ourselves, other families and communities? Are we able to identify places of worship for different religions? Discover RE-Easter Special Places	imagination to r stories, ideas, fe to our first hand Discovery RE-Bil beautiful butterf	e can we use our represent religious selings and respond dependences?	
УІ	Theme: Myself: Key Question How do we show we care for others? Why does it matter? Who am I? Where do I belong? How we are all connected? SACRE B		believers?	agogues important to			

Religion: Christianity and Islam

- Pupils hear three moral stories, for example from Christians, Muslims and humanists. They think and talk about whether they are saying the same things about how we should behave (A3);
- Pupils express creatively (e.g. in art, poetry or drama) their own ideas about the questions: Who am I?
 Where do I belong? How are we all connected? (B2);
- Pupils notice and talk about the fact that people come from different religions. How can we tell? How can we live together when we are all so different? (C2);
- Linking to English, pupils ask questions about goodness, and create simple sentences that say what happens when people are kind, thankful, fair or generous, and what happens when people are unkind, ungrateful, unfair or mean (C3).

- Pupils learn from visiting sacred places. Linking to English and computing, pupils recount a visit to a local church, mosque or synagogue using digital photographs. They find out about the meanings of symbols for God in the church, mosque or synagogue and suggest meanings for symbols (AI);
- Pupils find out about the symbols of two different communities, looking for similarities between the ways they use common symbols such as light, water, trees or rock (A3); • Pupils use a set of photos and a list of religious items they have encountered in Key Stage I RE to sort and order, saying which items are connected to a particular religion and which are connected to more than one religion. Good examples from Islam might include Muslim artefacts (prayer mat, subha beads, compass, Qur'an stand) and photographs from a local mosque (B3).
- Pupils look at how different people including Muslims and Christians have expressed their ideas about God, and think and talk about their own ideas about God, raising questions and considering different replies. They express ideas using images (C3).

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	Theme: Celebrations and Festivals - ongoing throughout year Key Question: Who Celebrates what and why? Christians and Muslims SACRE A Festivals: Harvest, Christmas, Easter, Eid Religion: Christianity - Pupils explore stories and celebrations of Easter and Id ul Fitr, finding out about what the stories told at the festi mean, e.g. through hearing and working with stories, enacting celebrations, learning from artefacts or welcoming visitors to talk about their festivals. They engage with the social and emotional aspects of celebrations (AI); - Pupils select examples of religious artefacts from Christianity or Islam that interest them, raising lists of questions about them and finding out what they mean and how they are used in festivals and for example in community li prayer and worship (A3); - Pupils find out about what different religions and world views do to celebrate the fruitfulness of the earth (e.g. in Harvest Festivals, or by Muslim Zakat charitable giving and in generosity to those in need). They respond sensitive to questions about being generous and being thankful (BI); - Pupils notice and talk about the fact that people come from different religions. How can we tell? How can we live together when we are all so different? (C2).					
У2	Theme: Believing Key Question How and why do people pray? SACRE G	Theme: Christmas Key Question. Why did God give Jesus to the world? Discovery RE	Theme: Leaders Key Question What makes some people inspiring to others? SACRE E	Theme: Stories of Jesus: Key Question: What can we learn from stories of Jesus about	Theme: What does it mean to Belong Key Question: What is a religion. Who is a muslim? SACRE F	
	Christmas Religion: Christianity, Islam	Religion: Christianity • Retelling of the	Religion: Christianity and Islam	praying and helping people? SACRE C Festival Easter	 Religion: Islam Who is a Muslim? What is a religion? Discuss reasons why Muslims go to a mosque to pray and 	

- Discuss the different ways that people pray and find out how and why people pray in different religions.
- Pupils choose between different examples of simple prayers: which do they think are wise? They talk about what makes the prayers wise, and find out about how and why people pray in different religions. Pupils look at

how different

people have

expressed

their ideas

about God.

and think

about their

own ideas

about God,

and talk

- Christmas Story
- Pupils' order the events of the Christmas Story
- Pupils' understan d that Christians belive that God sent Jesus to teach people how to be kind and loving
- Pupils' learn abut Jesus' teachings and know that they promote kindness and love
- Pupils can explain how they can show love and kindness to people in their lives.

- moral stories from Christianity, Islam and a non-religious story which discuss how leaders will make a difference to

our lives.

Retelling

- They think about whether the different stories are saying the same things about how we should he.h.a.ve.
- They consider questions about being good, kind, forgiving and generous
- Pupils encounter many examples of simple 'wise sayings'. They choose their favourite

'wise sayings'

Religion: Christianity

Subject: RE

- Retelling the Easter story.
- Retelling and comparing 'Jesus and the Ten Lepers' and 'The Lost Coin' and to identify and talk about the values.
- They compare the stories and think about what Christians today learn from the stories.
- They identify and talk about the values which d.i.ffe.ren.t. characters in the stories showed. and recognise Christianity as the religion from which the stories come **FASTER Focus**

Discovery RE Enquiry Is it true that Jesus came back to life again?

- whether it gives them a sense of belonging.
- They learn about what happens at a mosque, especially about Muslim daily prayers
- and why some people pray every day, but others not at all
- pupils make lists of the different groups to which they belong and consider the ways these contribute to human happiness

Discovery RE Enquiry

Does going to a Mosque give Muslims a sense of belonging?

Subject: RE

Festival Harvest and Christmas Religion Christians, Muslims

- find out about and describe some ways in which different religions see life as a journey, for example by considering scriptures as 'guide books for living' (AI);
- make connections between different features of the religions and world views they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, and the rituals which mark important points in life in order to reflect thoughtfully on their ideas (AI);
- compare how Christians, Muslims or Hindus celebrate a new baby's birth, becoming an adult, a marriage or the life of someone who has died and reflect on ideas of their own about life's milestones in discussions or in writing (BI);
- develop their understanding of beliefs about life after death in two religions through seeking answers to their own questions and articulating reasons for their own ideas and responses in discussion, creative work and debate (BI)
- develop understanding of links between beliefs, e.g. resurrection and heaven in Christianity, enlightenment and Nirvana in Buddhism

Key Question: Has Christmas lost its true meaning? Festival: Christmas

Religion: Christianity

Subject: RE

- Learn about Christian celebrations and commitments by describing some spiritual ways of celebrating Christian festivals, including Christmas, Easter and Pentecost.
- They reflect thoughtfully on the reasons why some people
- value such celebrations very highly, but others not at all (AI);
- describe and understand links
 between Bible stories of creation and
 Christian beliefs about God as the
 creator (A2);
- express and communicate their understanding of the challenges of commitment for a Christian person and a Christian community. They consider: what difference does believing in Jesus make to Christians? (B2);
- discuss a range of ideas about some 'big questions', e.g. what do Christians believe about God? What different views do we know about the beginnings of life on Earth? Did God make us all, or are we an accident? Or are there other explanations for humanity? They develop ideas about different ways science and religions handle questions of origins, where we come from (CI).

Discovery RE Enquiry link: What is good about Good Friday?

Religion: Jewish and Muslim

- pursue an enquiry into Jewish and Islamic prayer, finding out about and exploring beliefs about worship, prayer, God and human life for Jewish and Muslim people (A3);
- find out about the meanings of symbols, words and actions used in prayer and worship such as bowing down, using ritual and symbol, praying alone and in groups (A3);
- find out about similarities and differences in Jewish and Muslim prayer and understand how the practices of prayer for Jewish and Muslim people can bring the community together (B2);
- Investigate the meaning of prayer in these communities, considering questions about who prays and why some people believe God answers their prayers. They consider the values expressed in prayers for themselves, connecting ideas from different religions (B2).

Discovery RE Enquiry link:

What is the best way for a Jewish/Muslim person to show their commitment to God?

	Religion: Christians • Looking at what the Christian beliefs are about Christmas and how God is the reason why it started • Develop an understanding on what Christmas means to a Christian and the impact it has • Considering why people still celebrate Christmas if they are not Christian or religious					
У4	Theme: Inspirational people from long ago. What can we learn from great leaders and inspiring examples in today's world? SACRE p31/32 Religion: Judaism. Why is Moses important to Judaism?		Theme: Symbols and religious expression. Key question: Why do people go on pilgrimages? SACRE p31/32 Religion: Islam. • find out about some interesting examples of religious pilgrimages, gathering knowledge	Theme: Inspirational people from long ago. Key question: How do Christians celebrate Easter? How do Muslims celebrate key events? SACRE p31/32 Festival Easter Religion: Christianity. • use their thinking about stories of Moses, the	Theme: Inspirationa I people from long ago. Key question: What can we learn from Muslim teachings about Prophet Muhammad ? SACRE p31/32	Theme: Inspirational people in today's world. Key question: Why is Gandhi a source of inspiration and wisdom for religious believers? SACRE p31/32 Religion: Hinduism. describe the lives of some

Subject: RE

Festivals Harvest

- respond thoughtfully to Jewish stories about Moses as the servant of God, learning from stories of the Exodus and the 10 Commandment s about how Jewish ideas. festival (Pesach) and stories are connected
- use their thinking about stories of Moses, to
 explore how Jews, today celebrate key events from their history in Passover

Discovery RE Enquiry

How special is the relationships Jews have with God?

Theme:Inspir ational people from long ago.

Key
question:
What is the
most
significant
part of the
Nativity story
for
Christians
today?
SACRE
p31/32
Religion:

Christianity.
Festivals

Festivals Christmas

 respond thoughtfully to Christian beliefs about Jesus as God come down to earth, learning from stories of his life, and developing understandin g (AI)

- consider why people go on pilgrimages.
 (AI)
 - make some connections between Haji for Muslims a.n.d. pilgrimage to Lourdes. Iona or the 'Holy Land' for Christians. describing the motives people have for making spiritual journeys. (AI) pupils might
- pupils might plan a pilgrimage / 'spiritual journey' for younger children around the school grounds (CI).

Buddha, Jesus or Muhammad to explore how Christians and Muslims today celebrate key events from their history, Lent or Ramadan) (B3)

Subject: RE

Discovery RE Enquiry

Is forgiveness always possible?

Religion: Islam.

- respond thoughtfull y to Muslim teaching about Prophet Muhamma d[PBUH] and the revelation of the Qur'an. learning from selected stories of his life (hadith). and making connections between Muslim teaching and Muslim practice (e.g. in the 5 Pillars) (A2)
- inspirational spiritual and leaders from the modern world (A2)
- understand how key leaders can be sources of wisdom for religious believers (A2)
- explore the lives of key religious leaders from contemporary life, describing the challenges they have faced and the commitments by which they lived

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teaching
and
example,
connecting
stories about
Jesus to
Christian
beliefs (A2)
• consider how
the
meanings of
a parable of
Jesus are
expressed in
poetry, video,
stained
glass and
drama,
weighing up
the
effectiveness
of the
different
media(A3)
Discovery RE
Enquiry
What is the
most significant
part of the
Nativity story
for Christians
today?

У5	Theme: Religion and the	Theme:	Theme: Religion	Theme: Worship and Sacred
	Individual	Beliefs and	and the	Places
		Questions	Individual	
	Key question: What is expected			Key Question: Where, how
	of a person in following a	Key	Did God	and why do people worship?
	religion or belief?	question:	intend Jesus	
	-	How do	to be	Investigating places of
	Religion: Christianity	people's	crucified and	worship in Sheffield and
		beliefs about		Yorkshire.
	Festival: Christmas	God, the	if so was	701 KSTEEL C.
		world and	Jesus aware	
	• learn about devotion and	others have	of this?	 pursue an enquiry into local places of worship and beliefs
	commitment in Christianity. They consider why	an impact	(Discovery RE)	about worship. The methods of
	Christians celebrate Jesus' birth:	on their	Festivals Easter	philosophy for children can be
	what is the meaning of Christmas?	lives?	Festival Easter	used effectively here. The pupils relate the meanings of symbols
	They compare the texts in the		Religion:	and actions used in worship to
	Christian gospels that tell the stories of shepherds and wise men	Religion: Islam	Christianity	events and teachings from the
	at Jesus' birth, exploring how they	and Hinduism		religions they study (A3);
	are remembered and celebrated in	explore and	• use their detailed	 consider: what happens in holy buildings? Linking to History and
	a range of Christmas festivities	respond	understanding of	design technology pupils consider
	(A2); • use their detailed understanding of	thoughtfully	religious practice such as	how the architecture, furniture
	religious practice such as	to the	remembering	and use of churches, mosques,
	remembering Jesus with bread and	spiritual paths of Muslims,	Jesus with bread	synagogues, mandirs, viharas /
	wine in Christian worship and	Hindus or	and wine in	Buddhist centres or gurdwaras expresses the community's way of
	trying to follow the teaching of	Buddhists,	Christian worship and trying to	life, values and beliefs (BI);
	Jesus about forgiveness and loving your enemies to describe the	using a range	follow the	 discuss and present thoughtfully
	significance of being part of the	of sources of wisdom (A2)	teaching of Jesus	their own and others' views on
	Christian religion (BI);	• describe the	about forgiveness	challenging questions about different kinds of religious
	- discuss and apply their own ideas	impact of	and loving your enemies to	belonging in Sheffield and
	about ethical questions and human rights issues: what is fair and	examples of	describe the	Yorkshire today, presenting what

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unfair? Why do people fight and cause pain? How do we know what is good? Can people learn to be more generous? They learn from examples of Christian practice and consider the challenges of trying to live a good life (C3).

religious teaching. A Hindu example might be the impact of Hindu teaching about harmlessness (ahimsa) on questions about what we eat and how we treat animals. A Muslim example might be the impact of daily prayer and Zakat (alms giving) on how Muslim individuals a.n.d. communities live. A Buddhist example might be about the practice of harmlessness (A3)

 express their own ideas about religious issues and questions, significance of being part of the Christian religion (BI);

Subject: RE

- discuss and apply their own ideas about ethical questions and human rights issues: what is fair and unfair? Why do people fight and cause pain? How do we know what is good? Can people learn to be more generous? They learn from examples of Christian practice
- and consider the challenges of trying to live a good life

Discovery RE Enquiry
Did God intend
Jesus to be crucified
and if so was Jesus
aware of this?

they have found out about worship clearly and thoughtfully in a variety of ways including for example design and modeling, photo album descriptions and recounts, Q&A, poetry or art (CI).

		giving reasons	
		for their	
		thoughts (A3)	
		discuss and	
		debate	
		reasons why	
		different	
		people have	
		different	
		ideas about	
		whether God	
		is real and	
		what God is	
		like.	
		recognising	
		the right to	
		freedom of	
		religion and	
		belief for all	
\/ (The Transfer of the Control of the C	people (C1) Theme: Beliefs in action in the world:	TI DI: C :I I
У6	Theme: Teachings, wisdom and	Theme: Bellets in action in the world:	Theme: Religion, family and
	authority:	Kan On astian Ham da astiation and	community:
	Kan Onastian What da anamad tanta	Key Question How do religions and	Kan Onation What are takentions
	Key Question: What do sacred texts	beliefs respond to global issues of	Key Question: What contributions
	and other sources say about God, the	human rights, fairness, social justice	do religions make to local life in
	world and human life? What can we	and the importance of the environment?	Sheffield? How can we make
	learn by reflecting on words of wisdom	Delining Tourish Chairting Muslim	Sheffield a city of tolerance and
	from religions and worldviews	Religions: Jewish, Christian, Muslim	respect?
	Deliniana, Tawish Muslim Christian	diagonal and annian what Taniah agaile	Deliniones All Aboundinione and
	Religions: Jewish, Muslim, Christian	discover and explore what Jewish people, Humanists and Christians teach about	Religions: All the religions and beliefs of Sheffield
	: • respond thoughtfully to a range of	how we can all live together for the	Detters of Siteriteta
	sources of wisdom and to beliefs and		investinate noncele of community
		wellbeing of each other (CI)	investigate aspects of community
	teachings that arise from them in	• apply their ideas about justice and	life such as weekly worship,
	different religions (A2)	fairness to the work of three	charitable giving or beliefs about
	· linking to English, pupils consider	development charities such as Christian	caring for others, showing their
	why some texts from the Torah (e.g.	Aid, Islamic Relief and Oxfam (C3)	understanding and expressing
	the Shema), the Bible (e.g. 1	• write persuasively about the reasons	ideas of their own (A2)
	Corinthians 13) and the Qur'an (e.g.	why members of different religions and	

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The 1 st Surah, the Opening) are seen as sources of wisdom in different communities. They respond thoughtfully to the ideas found in the texts with ideas of their own (A2)

 linking to Citizenship Education and the methods of philosophy for children, pupils consider, for example, the Ten Commandments (Jewish) and the Five Precepts (Buddhist), expressing thoughtful ideas about what is right and wrong in the light of their learning (C3) beliefs try to help people who are vulnerable (e.g victims of natural disasters, people who live with disabilities or people affected by war) (C3)

- linking to the expressive arts, pupils develop their own imaginative and creative ways of expressing some of their own commitments such as working hard at sport or music, caring for animals, loving the family or serving God (B2)
- list and describe similarities and differences between the ways different communities show that they belong (CI)
- linking to Mathematics and Geography, pupils use local and national census statistics to develop accurate understanding of the religious plurality of their locality and of Britain today (C2)
- discuss and apply ideas from different religious codes for living (e.g. Commandments, Precepts or Rules), to compile a charter of their own moral values, applying their ideas to issues of respect for all (C2)